Long Term Plan Year 5 2024-25 (updated July 2024)

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Books	Autuiiii 1	Autuiiii 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Julilliei Z
	MICHAEL MORPUBCO BRUMINI-					
English / Book	The Man Who Walked Between the Towers Biographies/autobiographies, Information writing (Wikipedia pages), letters of advice (formal), interviews, news report, persuasive speeches Vocabulary, Grammar & Punctuation Recognising vocabulary and structures that are appropriate for formal speech and writing, including subjunctive forms • Using passive verbs to affect the presentation of information in a sentence • Using expanded noun phrases to convey complicated information concisely	Dragons must go / Twas' the night before Christmas News report / Poetry SPAG — commas (lists/avoid ambiguity), adverbials, dashes, expanded noun phrases, conjunctions. Twas' the night before Christmas/Poetry Imitation — To learn the poem Vocabulary work Mini Write: Write a letter to Santa explaining what they want and why. Innovation: change the poem to a play script.	SPAG – standard and non-standard English, adjectives, punctuating speech, direct/indirect speech, capital letters for pronouns (revision), contractions, conjunctions (subordinate/co-coordinating), apostrophes (single possession & plural possession), prepositions. Linking paragraphs, parenthesis.	Alice in Wonderland / Instructions Mini Writing: Imitation — To learn the instructions Vocabulary work Mini Write: create an advert for an item needed to get to Wonderland. Innovation — diary entry about going to the Wonderland. Independent — To write instructions SPAG — relative pronouns, punctuation, modal verbs, adverbials, prepositions, prefixes, determiners, synonyms, rhetorical questions, conjunctions,	How butterflies came to be / letter writing recap Traditional tale Imitation – To learn the traditional tale Vocabulary work Mini Write: To write a setting description using all five senses. Comprehension Innovation – Write a letter as Elder Brother. Independent – To write a traditional tale – How_became to be. SPAG – conjunctions, standard English, relative clauses, adjectives, bullet points, prefixes, word classes, synonyms,	Boy Who cried wolf/ Awesome Alps Fable/ Non Chronological Report Imitation – To learn the fable Vocabulary work Mini Write: Write a character description for the wolf – detailed WANTED posters Comprehension Innovation – To write a news report, retelling the story. Independent – To write a fable as a new character. SPAG – relative clauses, subordinate clauses, SAT revision – capital letters, possessive pronouns, questions, contractions,

 Relative clauses beginning 	Independent – Twas the	proper nouns, fronted	possessive pronouns,	word families, subordinate
with who, which, where,	night before	<mark>adverbials.</mark>	subordinate clauses.	clauses, synonyms, SVO
when, whose, that, or an				
omitted relative pronoun	SPAG – adverbs, moal verbs,			Awesome Alps - Non
 Indicating degrees of 	semi colons, fronted			Chronological Report
possibility using adverbs [for	adverbials, standard English,	Galileo Galilei – Cross		Linked to Geography topic –
example, perhaps, surely] or	commas.	curricular to Science Week.		Where should we go on
modal verbs [for example,				holiday?
might, should, will, must]				
Use of commas to clarify				
meaning or avoid ambiguity				
 Using brackets, dashes or 				
commas to indicate				
parenthesis				
parentnesis				
Beowulf				
Epitaph, glossary, letter of				
advice, dialogue, recount,				
=				
character and setting				
description, summarising				
captions, obituary				
Main outcome: Own version				
legend or missing chapter.				
Vacabulani, Grammar 9				
Vocabulary, Grammar &				
Punctuation				
Relative clauses beginning				
with who, which, where,				
when, whose, that, or an				
omitted relative pronoun				
Indicating degrees of				
possibility using adverbs [for				
example, perhaps, surely] or				
modal verbs [for example,				
might, should, will, must]				
 Linking ideas across 				
paragraphs using adverbials				
of time [for example, later],				
place [for example, nearby]				
and number [for example,				
secondly] or tense choices				
[for example, he had seen				
her before]				
Use of commas to clarify				
meaning or avoid ambiguity				
5 8-1				

	 Use of expanded noun phrases to convey complicated information concisely Use of inverted commas and other punctuation to indicate direct speech Devices to build cohesion within a paragraph [for example, then, after that, this, firstly] How words are related by meaning as synonyms and antonyms [for example, big, large, little] The difference between structures typical of informal speech and structures appropriate for formal speech and writing [for example the use of subjunctive forms such as If I were or Were they to come in some very formal writing and speech] (Y6) • Use of layour devices [for example, headings, subheadings, columns, bullets or tables] to structure text Innovation – recount of what happened to Iron Man Independent – Poem - substitution SPAG – auxiliary verbs, perfect form, parenthesis, commas, punctuation, relative clauses, pronouns, capital letters, 					
Maths	Reasoning with large whole numbers Read, write, order and compare numbers up to one million	Multiplication and Division Identify multiples and factors Investigate prime numbers Multiply and divide by 10, 100 and 1000 (integers) Derived facts	Fractions and Decimals Read, write, order and compare decimals Round decimals to the nearest whole number	Fractions, decimals and percentages Add, subtract fractions with denominators that are multiples of the same number	Converting units of measure Convert between metric units of length, mass and capacity and units of time	2D and 3d shapes Classify 2-D shapes and reason about regular and irregular polygons Properties of diagonals of quadrilaterals

	☑ Round numbers within one million to the nearest multiple of powers of ten ☑ Read Roman numerals up to M Problem solving with integer addition and subtraction Use rounding to estimate ☑ Use a range of mental calculation strategies to add and subtract integers ☑ Illustrate and explain the written method of column addition and subtraction ☑ Select efficient calculation strategies Line graphs and timetables Complete, read and interpret data presented in line graphs ☑ Read and interpret timetables including calculating intervals	Illustrate and explain formal multiplication and division strategies such as short and long Use a range of mental calculation strategies Perimeter and Area Investigate area and perimeter of rectilinear shapes Estimate area of non-rectilinear shapes	Present, identify, name, write, order and compare fractions (including improper and mixed numbers) Calculate fractions of amounts Angles Classify, compare and order angles Measure a draw angles with a protractor Understand and use angle facts to calculate missing angles	Multiply fractions (and mixed numbers) by a whole number Explore percentage, decimal, fractions equivalence Transformations Coordinates in all four quadrants Translation and reflection Calculate intervals across zero as a context for negative numbers	 ☑ Know and use approximate conversion between imperial and metric Calculating with whole numbers and decimals 2D and 3d shapes Mental strategies to add and subtract involving decimals ☑ Formal written strategies to add, subtract and multiply involving decimals ☑ Multiply and divide by 10, 100 and 1000 involving decimals ☑ Derive multiplication facts involving decimals 	② Classify 3-D shapes ② 2-D representations of 3-D shapes. Volume Use cube numbers and notation ③ Estimate volume ③ Convert units of volume Problem Solving Negative numbers and calculating intervals across zero ② Calculating the mean ③ Interpret remainders ⑤ Investigate numbers: consecutive, palindromic, multiples
Science	Forces - gravity, friction, air and water resistance; levers, pulleys, gears (Switched on Science – Let's get moving) Knowledge/key learning: To know about forces and machines. Starting with the force of gravity, they then study friction forces, including air and water resistance, before investigating how simple machines work. Skills: Explain that unsupported objects fall towards the Earth because of the force of	Living Things and Habitats – life cycles of mammals, amphibians, insects and birds (Switched on Science – Circle of Life) Knowledge/key learning: To learn about life cycles of various species – including mammals, amphibians and birds. They also look at and describe the life process of reproduction in plants and animals. Skills: Describe the differences in the life cycles of a mammal, an amphibian, an insect and a bird	Properties and changes of materials (Switched on Science – Material World) TEXT: Materials make science make sense Knowledge/key learning: To learn about materials and how they change. First they test properties of materials, before looking at how materials dissolve, what a solution is, and evaporation. Finally the children compare reversible and irreversible Skills: Compare and group together everyday materials on the basis of their	Earth and Space (Switched on Science – Out of this world) TEXT: Know it all SPACE Knowledge/key learning: To learn about space. Starting with the Solar System, they look next at how ideas about space have changed over time, before finally exploring what causes us to experience night and day on Earth. Skills: Describe the movement of the Earth, and other planets, relative to the Sun in the solar system	Animals, including humans (Switched on Science – Growing up and growing old) Knowledge/key learning: to describe the changes as humans develop to old age. Pupils draw a timeline to indicate stages in the growth and development of humans and learn about the changes experienced in puberty. Skills: Describe the changes as humans develop to old age Vocabulary: Pregnant Gestation period Adolescence Puberty	[Switched on Science – Super Science Unit – Super Scientists] Knowledge/key learning: To learn scientifically on a variety of quick challenges and longer tasks to learn about the different ways in which scientists work in the real world. This topic looks at the discoveries of famous scientists, the methods forensic scientists use and the various ways scientists tell others about new discoveries.

gravity acting between the Earth and the falling object

Recognise that some mechanisms, including levers, pulleys and gears, allow a smaller force to have a greater effect

Vocabulary: Gravity

Weight Newton Non-contact. Isaac Newton Galileo Friction Air resistance Water resistance Force meter Reliable Lever Spring Gear

Curriculum links:

Pulley

English: Write a fact file about the life of Isaac Newton.

Maths: measuring distance/mass/time. DT: Gears and mechanisms

Resources:

Balls of different sizes and weights.

A range of everyday objects to weigh.

Force meters.

A globe.

Matchstick men or Lego characters.

'Read all about it' (Activity resource book, pg 31)

Describe the life process of reproduction in some plants and animals

Vocabulary: Bulb Pollination Fertilisation Sexual reproduction Asexual reproduction Larva Gestation Metamorphosis

Curriculum links:

Internal fertilisation

External fertilisation

Sperm

Fertilisation

English: Write instructional texts for the growing of plants.

Creative/persuasive writing on zoos and conservation.

Debates or presentations for and against keeping animals in zoos.

DT: Look at where our food comes from and plan to cook using fruit and vegetables the class grow

Resources:

Potatoes Range of seeds properties, including their hardness, solubility, transparency, conductivity (electrical and thermal) and response to magnets.

Know that some materials will dissolve in liquid to form a solution, and describe how to recover a substance from a solution.

Use knowledge of solids. liquids and gases to decide how mixtures might be separated, including through filtering, sieving and evaporating

Demonstrate that dissolving, mixing and changes of state are reversible changes

Explain that some changes result in the formation of new materials and that this kind of change is not usually reversible, including changes associated with burning and the action of acid on bicarbonate of soda

Give reasons, based on evidence from comparative and fair tests, for the particular uses of everyday materials, including metals. wood and plastic

Vocabulary: Hard

Tough Strong Rigid Elastic Plastic **Flexible Electrical conductor**

Describe the movement of the Moon relative to the Earth

Describe the Sun. Earth and Moon as approximately spherical bodies

Use the idea of the Earth's rotation to explain day and night and the apparent movement of the sun across the sky

Vocabulary:

Solar System Sun Star Planet Centric Geocentric Heliocentric Timeline Night-time Davtime Orbit Time zone

Curriculum links:

Mathematics: Calculating distances, sizes of planets, time taken for orbiting the sun.

Computing: To research about the solar system and different planets

English: writing mnemonics

Art: To draw and paint the solar system.

Resources:

Model of the solar system Art materials

Menstruation **Arthritis** Life expectancy

Curriculum links:

Maths: looking at the different timescales and different gestation periods. Plotting a graph

English: writing a letter

PSHE: How bodies are changing

History: How the life span of a human has changed over time.

DT: Designing a new product for the elderly.

Resources:

Large sheets of paper Access to images of people of different ages Disposable nappies – different brands Reusable nappies Sheets of newspaper Water (at room temperature) Plastic sandwich bags Plastic/paper cups Scissors A pair of old glasses with very scratched lenses, or covered

in crumpled sellotape Thick gloves Ear plugs or cotton wool balls Crepe bandage to wrap around knees/elbows Ankle weights (optional) An old shirt A drinks bottle or jam jar

Skills: -

To describe what a scientist is and the different ways in which they work and the discoveries of some famous scientists.

To carry out some forensic tests and use forensic tests to solve a crime.

To identify and choose good ways of letting others know about science in the news.

Vocabulary: Scientist

Timeline Analyse Pattern Survey Classified Fair test Forensic **Fingerprint** Chromatography Microscope DNA Evidence Debate Blog News.

Curriculum links:

Science fair

English: Children write a short biography of a famous scientist or scientific inventor. Mathematics: Work out how to structure the scale to show the dates on a timeline.

ICT/Computing: Use tablets or computers to research information. Art: Bring information to life using colourful art work. **PSHE:** Discuss the moral and

(11	T	The most and other	Г	
'How does gravity act?'		Thermal conductor		cultural significance of some
(Activity resource book, pg		Solution		scientific discoveries.
30)		Solute		History: Gain a view of when
		Solvent		scientific discoveries took
		Dissolve		place.
		Evaporate		
		Mixture		Resources:
		Soluble		A variety of sponges, a bowl
		Insoluble		and water
		Filter		A variety of sports balls
		Reversible/physical change		A variety of bottled waters
		Irreversible/chemical change		A globe of the Earth
		Burning		o Dirty water and any
				equipment
		Curriculum links:		A fingerprint sheet
		English:		Ink pad
		To write a detailed		Plaster of Paris
		explanation of why		Plastic foam
		they chose a		
		particular material,		Filter paper or similar
		giving reasons.		Microscope
		To design an		Sheet of staff fingerprints
		informative leaflet.		Sheet of staff handwriting
		To write		Sheet of staff clothes fibres
		instructions.		Video cameras
				Resources for forensic
		Maths: measuring time		techniques (see pg 90)
				Newspaper articles of
				science news
		Resources:		Computers or tablets and
		Range of everyday materials		access to the Internet
		– refer to the plan		Equipment to create reports

History (Rising
Stars -
Voyagers)

Was the Anglo-Saxon period really a Dark Age?

Knowledge/kev learning:

In this unit, the children will learn about the world of the Anglo-Saxons. They will consider why they came to Britain and whether the period deserves to be called the 'Dark Ages'. Links will be made to prior learning, particularly to Year 4 Unit 2: Roman Britain. Throughout the unit, there is a strong focus on the range of sources that provide us with evidence about the people living at that time. The children will examine archaeological evidence, such as the Sutton Hoo ship burial and the Staffordshire hoard, while using written evidence from the time, including Beowulf, to provide context for the archaeological finds. They will learn about the importance of archaeological evidence and the work of the archaeologist, as well as the accidental finds of metal detectorists.

Skills:

- In this unit, the children will:
- develop a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of British and world history
- develop the appropriate use of historical terms • understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of
- construct informed responses that involve thoughtful selection and

Would the Vikings do anything for money?

Knowledge/key learning:

In this unit, the children will learn about the Vikings, and consider the reasons why they raided and then settled in Britain. They will investigate the popular view of the Vikings as raiders, ruthless in their ways of obtaining wealth. They will study primary sources of evidence, such as accounts by monks of the raid on Lindisfarne, as well as archaeological finds, to understand why this interpretation of the Vikings has become so popular. They will examine King Alfred's struggle and victory over the Vikings, linking back to Year 5 Unit 1: The Anglo-Saxons.

Skills:

develop a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of British history

- understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of sources
- establish clear narratives within and across the periods
- develop the appropriate use of historical terms
- address historically valid questions about cause and significance
- construct informed responses that involve the thoughtful selection and organisation of relevant historical information
- note contrasts and connections over time

What makes people go on a journey?

Knowledge/key learning:

In this unit, the children will explore the question of why people go on a journey, and look at five very different types of journey in depth. The journeys selected span from the Tudor period to those undertaken today by refugees. The children begin by studying the voyages of Walter Raleigh, then the voyage of the Irish 3rd class passengers on the Titanic, before learning about the Kindertransport in World War Two and the voyage of the Empire Windrush. Finally, they will examine why refugees make dangerous journeys today. This approach supports the children in developing their chronological understanding, and helps them gain a greater sense of period.

Skills:

In this unit, the children will:

- develop a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of British and world history • establish clear narratives
- address and devise historically valid questions about significance and cause and change
- understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of sources

organisation of relevant historical information

- note connections, contrasts and trends over time
- Regularly address and devise historically valid questions about significance.

Vocabulary:

Invasion, settle, reconstruction, Dark Ages, pagan, plunder, Scandinavia, grave goods, archaeologist, excavation, function, sceptre, garnet, millefiori, hoard, metal detecting, saga, chronicle, illuminated manuscript, ecclesiastical, conversion, monastery, Old English, proof, evidence, counter argument, decay, excavate, preserved, deduction, interpretation, stratigraphy, classification, cataloguing, strata, shard, site, trench.

Prior learning:

Egyptians – year 3 Romans Year 4

Curriculum links:

Computing: using the Internet to carry out research Drama: planning and carrying out a class debate Geography: locating Britain and the surrounding area on a map

Religious education: exploring different people's

beliefs

Resources:

Timeline Text Books Computers

Vocabulary:

Raid, raider, monk, monastery, Viking, sacked, looted, abbey, migrate, settle, overpopulation, inheritance, causes, invader, settler, push and pull factors, significant, Wessex, monarch, cult, runes, longhouses, saga.

Prior learning:

Year 5 The Anglo Saxons Year 4 Roman Britain

Curriculum links:

- Geography: map work, migration settlements (Viking place names)
- English: writing kennings, news report of a Viking raid, discussion and debate around the significance of events or individuals, mythology and legend around Sagas

Resources:

• note connections, contrasts and trends over time.

Vocabulary:

Journey, migration, emigration, immigration, migrant, refugee, invader, settler, explorer, impact, voyage, status, Tudor, indigenous, portrait, symbol, adventurer, charter, Edwardian, sentimental. class, fact, opinion, persecution, anti-Semitism, pogrom, Kindertransport, Great Depression, prejudice, discrimination, settle, interpretation, British Empire, calypso, colour-bar, asylum seeker, economic migrant, illegal immigrant

Prior learning:

Year 4 Roman Britian Year 5 Anglo Saxons Year 5 Vikings Year 1 The greatest explorers

Curriculum links:

- English: write a poem about one of the journeys studied • Geography: map work, comparing countries around the world to identify similarity and difference related to push and pull factors
- PSCHE: to have a better understanding of the nature of migration, collaboration, kindness, discrimination, fairness in the modern world

Resources:

Geography	Is our country changing?	Where should we go on	Where does our stuff come
(Rising Stars –		holiday?	from?
_	Knowledge/ Key Learning		
Voyagers)	In this unit, the children will	Knowledge/Kev Learning	Knowledge/ Key Learning
	find out about the regions of	In this unit, the children learn	
	the United Kingdom,	about the Alpine region of	In this unit, the children will
	discovering how some of	Europe, how the Alps were	find out about the UK's
	these areas have changed	formed and how homes are	global trade links,
	over time.	adapted to the climate. They	investigating where everyday
	Vocabulary	create a storyboard or digital	products come from and the
	City	book on mountain formation,	journeys they take to our
	Continent	design a sustainable eco-	homes. This builds on work
	Country	resort and produce literature	children may have done in
	County	for visitors to the area using	KS1 looking at the geography
	GDP	geographical vocabulary.	of food. The children will
	Great Britain		also map the journeys taken
	Mountain	Prior learning	by items, and research the
	Region	The unit builds on previous	pros and cons of buying local
	River	work the children may have	or imported goods.
	Settlement	done investigating their local	**
	The British Isles	area and other regions of the	Vocabulary
	Town	UK earlier in this series.	. Import, export, locally
	Village	X7 l l	sourced, consumers, retailers, producers, recycled, Man-
	Resources	Vocabulary Tectonic plate	made.
	Curriculum links	Mountain range	Native, season, biome,
	English: creating a	Agriculture	climate, fair trade,
	presentation on sustainable	Glacier	Raw material
	change in the local area	Lake	trade, and sustainability.
	(Lesson 5)	Lake	trade, and sustamability.
	(Lesson 3)	Resources	
	Computing: researching facts	Maps	Prior learning
	on the UK (Lesson 1)	Atlases	Resources
		Globes	Maps
	History: learning about	Computers	Atlases
	regional effects of World War	*	Globes
	II (Lessons 2–6)	Curriculum links English:	Computers
		writing discussion texts on	*
	PE: learning about planning	tourism in the Alps	
	for the 2012 Olympic and		Cross-curricular links
	Paralympic Games (Lesson	Science: learning about	• English: compiling a leaflet
	2).	forces and friction in	explaining clothing
		mountain	production, with advice on
		formation (Lesson 2)	ethical consumerism (Week
			3); scripting a documentary
		Art & design:	discussing issues involved in
			buying locally produced

		management, simulating an avalanche (Lesson 5) Computing: creating a digital book with photos and mobile apps to inform tourists about the Alpine region, and their own area (Lesson 6) Modern foreign languages: French, German and Italian are spoken in the countries studied	versus imported products (Week 5); writing an adventure story on the journey of a product (Week 6). • Mathematics: creating a frequency chart and bar graph showing countries of origin for products at home (Week 1); handling data to create tables, graphs and charts (Week 4); calculating food miles (Week 5). • Science: learning about seasons, the life cycle of plants and seed dispersal (Week 2). • Art & Design: drawing and annotating: school uniform (Week 1); fruits and their origins (Week 2). • History: discussing exploration and trade, with a particular link to Tudor times (Week 2).
Art	Knowledge and Learning To draw a house from observation; interpreting the details accurately and drawing what they see rather than what they think it looks like. Based on a section of their drawing from Lesson 1, children create a dramatic monoprint using ink. To add vibrant colours to an image of a house. To design a building, choosing whether to draw	Take One Picture Kapow - Art & Design Skills Design, drawing, craft, painting and art appreciation Knowledge and Learning To develop observational drawing To design a new invention To create a continuous line drawing To create a collage and draw this from observation To successfully upscale a drawing and paint accurately To use imagination and visualisation to create an original piece of artwork Every picture tells a Kapow — Analysing famous are work Knowledge and L Analysing famous are work Knowledge and L Analysing famous are work In evaluate and and creative work using the language of craft and design To understand that have both meaning and messal To evaluate and and work of street art and relate news and current affairs and the values	earning llyse of art, art can ge

either a perspective view, plan view or a front elevation of their original house design.

After learning about what monuments are, children design their own to reflect something they want to commemorate

Skills

- Improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing
- Develop their techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and an increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design
- Develop their techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and an increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design.
- -Learn about great artists, architects and designers in history.

Vocabulary
Texture, techniques,
quality of paint, pattern,

reflections, sketch.

Skills

Children to learn and develop their skills in: design, drawing, craft, painting and art appreciation by designing their own invention, expanding on an observational drawing, using a poem to create a portrait, painting an enlarged section of a drawn collage and learning to 'think' like an artist.

Vocabulary

Annotation, collage, computer aided design, diagram, analytical observation drawing, continuous line drawing, portrait, prototypes, sketch, texture

Prior Learning

Develop skills in: design, drawing, craft, painting and art appreciation; creating an optical illusion print, replicating a plate in the famous willow pattern, carving sculptures out of soap, drawing a collection of still life objects, painting and mixing colours like Paul Cézanne and learning about the role of a 'curator'

Curriculum Links
PSHE – valuing differences
English – Poetry

I know that a work of public art can have a very powerful message

Skills

 Become proficient in drawing, painting, sculpture and other art, craft and design techniques

- Improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture
- Evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and design

Vocabulary

Abstract, anonymous, brexit, emoji, immigration, mural, pictograms, racism, street art, symmetrical

Prior Learning

Year 4-

Develop ideas from starting points throughout the curriculum.

Collect information, sketches and resources. Adapt and refine ideas as they progress.

Curriculum Links

PHSE – Opinions

English - articles, new report

	combine line, colour, tones, tints, enhance, mood, brush, realistic, impressionistic, layers, range Prior Learning				
	Year 4 - Develop ideas from starting points throughout the curriculum. Collect information, sketches and resources. Adapt and refine ideas as				
	Curriculum Links Maths – Shapes and symmetry Geography – landmarks				
DT		Structures – Shell Structures - Marbulous Structures Knowledge and Learning To investigate free standing structures. To select and use a wider range of tools for a variety of practical tasks To select from and use materials and components to	Electrical Systems — Programming Adventures Knowledge and Learning To know and understand how a floor robot moves. To accurately program instructions to control a floor robot. Skills Apply their understanding of computing to		Food – Serve a Salad Knowledge and Learning To understand and apply the principles of a healthy and varied diet To prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes using a range of cooking techniques To understand seasonality, and know where and how a
		materials and components to make a Stable frame structure	program, monitor and control their products by		and know where and how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and processed.

To evaluate their ideas against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work in the context of evaluating their marble run against the design criteria set in lesson 5.

Skills

Apply my understanding of structures.

Explain different techniques used to join card to other materials I can apply these methods when making a marble run bridge.

Select appropriate tools and equipment to help me create an accurate and precise finish.

Evaluate and improve my design and technology work

Vocabulary

Free- standing, Structure,
Support,
Stiffen, Sturdy, Stable,
Reposition, Strengthen,
Reinforce, Investigate,
Analyse, Product, Tools,
Equipment, Practical,
Technique, Accurate, Join,
Shape, Aesthetics, Functional
Bend, cut/shape/join,
Existing, Iterative process,
Testing, Design criteria
Improving, High quality finish

Prior Learning

Curriculum Links Computing: Computer aided designs.

understanding what floor robots are and how they are programmed and controlled.

Vocabulary

Programming, Controlling, Floor robot, Bee bot, Input/output, Function, Annotated sketch, Pattern Cross sectional, Pieces Exploded diagrams, Prototype, Computer aided Obstacles, Adventure Adventure maps, Materials Properties, Innovative Cotton/Silk/Felt/Cardboard/ Paper/ Bubble wrap/ plastic Appealing, Design criteria Evaluate, Revise, Joining Monitoring

Prior Learning

Prior experience of programming a floor robot or software programme controlling a character or avatar (e.g. Scratch).

Curriculum Links

Geography: sources of electricity.

Computing: Programming.

Maths: Problem solving.

Skills

Apply the rules for basic food hygiene and other safe practices e.g. hazards relating to the use of ovens.

Vocabulary

Investigating, Evaluating Products, Analysing Health and safety, Healthy Balanced plate, Food groups Preference, Texture, Taste Smell, Appearance, Filling Sweet, Sour, Salty, Bitter Cutting, Spreading, Grating Mixing, Slicing, Chopping Knife

Prior Learning

KS1 have basic principles of a healthy and varied diet to prepare dishes and understand where food comes from.

Curriculum Links

RE/PSHE: Celebrating culture and seasonality – cooking and nutrition requirements.

Geography: Settlement and trade – investigate food traded between countries; diet of people in different countries.

			I		1	1
		Geography: Climate zone –				
		to design an environmentally				
		friendly structure.				
		menaly structure.				
		Science: Forces				
		Science: Forces				
Computing	Unit 5.1	Unit 5.2	Unit 5.3	Unit 5.5	Unit 5.6	Unit 5.7
(Purple Mash)	Coding	Online Safety Weeks – 2	Spreadsheets	Games Creator	3D Modelling	Concept Maps
(i dipic iviasii)	Weeks – 6	Programs – Various	Weeks – 6	Weeks – 5	Weeks – 4	Weeks – 4
	Programs – 2Code	Unit 5.4	Programs – 2Calculate	Programs – 2DIY 3D	Programs – 2Design &Make	Programs – 2Connect
		Databases Weeks – 4				Knowledge and Learning
	Knowledge and Learning:	Programs – 2Question,	Knowledge and Learning:	Knowledge and Learning:	Knowledge and Learning:	To design, write and debug
	Designing and writing a	2Investigate	Conversions of measurements	To set the scene.	To be introduced to 2Design	programs that accomplish
	program that accomplishes a	_		To create the game	and Make.	specific goals, including
	specific goal.	Knowledge and Learning:	Novel use of the count tool	environment.	To explore the effect of	controlling or simulating
		To discuss and understand		To create the game quest.	moving points when	physical systems; solve
		the importance of	Formulae including the	To finish and share the game	designing.	problems by decomposing
		keeping personal information	advanced mode	To evaluate their and peers'	To understand designing for	them into smaller parts.
	Skills:	safe. To		games.	a	To use sequence, selection
	To turn more complex	understand issues	using a spreadsheet to plan		purpose.	and repetition in programs;
	real-life situations into	concerning the reliability of	an event		To understand printing and	work with variables and
	algorithms for a program	sources and people online.		Skills:	making.	various forms of input and
	by deconstructing it into		Skills:			output.
	manageable parts.	Skills:		Vocabulary:	Skills:	
	Children are able to	To have a secure		Animation, Computer Game,	To discuss what makes a	To use logical reasoning
	test and debug their	knowledge of common	Vocabulary:	Customise, Evaluation,	good model, use a range of	to explain how some simple
	programs as they go	online safety rules	Avatar, Binary Tree, Charts,	Image, Instructions,	materials and adjust work to	algorithms work and to detec
	and can use logical	and can apply this by	Collaborative, Data,	Interactive, Screenshot	make stronger.	and correct errors in
	methods to identify	demonstrating the	Database	Texture, Perspective,		algorithms and programs.
	the approximate cause	safe and respectful	Find, Record	Playability	Manahadama	To understand computer
	of any bug but may	use of a few different	Sort, Group and Arrange	Potent a soute as	Vocabulary:	networks, including the
	need some support	technologies and	Statistics and reports	Prior Learning:	Computer Aided Design	internet; how they can
	identifying the specific line of code.	online services.	Table Average, Advance Mode,	Internet safety pupils know not to give out personal	(CAD),Modelling, 3D, Viewpoint, Polygon, 2D, Net	provide multiple services,
	line of code.	Children implicitly relate appropriate online	Copy and Paste, Columns	information. \children know	3D Printing, Points, Template	such as the World Wide Web
	Vocabulary:	behaviour to their right	Cells, Charts, Equals Tool,	how to use the email feature	3D Filliting, Follits, Telliplate	and the opportunities they
	Action, Timer, Alert,	to personal privacy and	Formula, Formula Wizard	on purple mash	Prior Learning:	offer for communication
	Variable, Algorithm, Bug	mental wellbeing of	Move Cell tool, Random Tool,	on parpic masir	Thor Learning.	and collaboration.
	Code Design, Command,	themselves and others.	Rows, Spin Tool	Curriculum Links:	Curriculum Links:	CL:III-
	Control, Bug/ Debugging,	Vocabulary:	Spreadsheet	Carricalani Links.	Maths sorting objects	Skills Dayslan their ability to apply
	Design Mode, Event,	Online Safety, Smart rules	Timer	English-writing a response,	Resources:	Develop their ability to apply
	Get Input, If, If/Else, Input	Password, Reputable,		Resources:	purple mash	their Computing capability to support their use of language
	Output, Object, Repeat,	Encryption, Identity Theft	Prior Learning:		2question	and communication, and
	Sequence, Selection,	Shared Image, Plagiarism	What more than less than	purple mash	.,	support their learning in
	Simulation	Citations, Reference,	and equals to mean and			other areas.
		Bibliography	apply them correctly,			Other areas.
		5 FF 7	11 / 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 7 7			

 Duiou I coming				Va aab iila mi
Prior Learning:		Coming to the Control of		Vocabulary
understand and use		Curriculum Links:		Action, Alert, Algorithm
variables, what is an	Prior Learning:	maths - graphs, number,		Bug, Code Design
algorithm and understand	What is personal	more than less than		Command, Control
the difference between	information? why you should	Resources:		Bug/ Debugging
timers and repeat	not share user name	purple mash		Design Mode, Event
commands.	Curriculum Links:			Get Input, If/Else, Input
	PSHE: keeping yourself safe	touch typing		Output, Object, Repeat
Curriculum Links:	Resources: purple mash	Knowledge and Learning		Sequence, Selection
Resources: purple mash		Introduce typing, how to sit		Simulation, Prior Learning
		at a keyboard, to learn and		
		practice typing		
				Prior Learning
		Skills:		Design, write and debug
		Develop the ability to touch		programs that accomplish
		type the home and bottom		specific goals, including
		rows, to use two hands to		controlling or simulating
		touch type at a keyboard.		physical systems; solve
				problems by decomposing
		Vocabulary		them into smaller parts.
		posture, top row keys,		them mee smaller parter
		bottom row keys, space bar		
		Prior Learning:		Use sequence, selection
		Thor Learning.		and repetition in programs;
				work with variables and
		Curriculum Links		various forms of input and
				•
		English- spelling Resources:		output.
		purple mash		Use logical reasoning to
				explain how some simple
				algorithms work and to
				detect
				and correct errors in
				algorithms and programs.
				Understand computer
				networks, including the
				internet; how they can
				provide multiple services,
				such as the World Wide Web,
				and the opportunities they
				offer for communication
				and collaboration.
				Curriculum Links
		_		English: Non-Fiction reading
			,	

					Maths: Spreadsheet, database and co-ordinates.
Hockey / Circuits	Yoga/Dodgeball/Dance Knowledge/Learning Children will have the opportunity to develop their movement via alteration of Yoga and Dance. The second slot will require children to work as a team to defeat their opponents in Dodgeball. Skills Children will develop flexibility, strength, technique, control, throwing, catching and balance. Vocabulary Currciulum links ENGLISH Learning of key vocabulary- stimulus, dynamics, formations, unison, relationship, phrase Understand and follow instructions Communication with a partner and group to express an idea Forming opinions and structuring verbal feedback	Hockey/Gymnastics Knowledge/Learning In this unit pupils will improve their defending and attacking skills playing even-sided games. They will start to show control and fluency in dribbling, sending and receiving a ball in a small game situation and under some pressure. Pupils will be encouraged to think about how to use tactics and collaborate with others to outwit their opposition. In this unit, pupils create longer sequences individually, with a partner and a small group. They learn a wider range of actions such as inverted movements to include cartwheels and handstands. Skills Dribbling Passing Receiving Tackling Creating and using space Shooting Vocabulary	Football/Tag Rugby Knowledge/learning Pupils will improve their defending and attacking play, developing further knowledge of the principles and tactics of each. Pupils will begin to develop consistency and control in dribbling, passing and receiving a ball. In this unit pupils will develop key skills and principles such as defending, attacking, throwing, catching, running and dodging. When attacking, pupils will support the ball carrier using width and drawing defence. Skills Throwing Catching Running Dodging Scoring Dribbling Passing Ball control Tracking / jockeying Turning	Basketball/Swimming Knowledge/Learning In this unit pupils will develop key skills and principles such as defending, attacking, throwing, catching, dribbling and shooting. Pupils will learn to use attacking skills to maintain possession as well as defending skills to gain possession. This unit is aimed at intermediate swimmers. Pupils focus on swimming more fluently and with increased confidence and control. Pupils work to improve their swimming strokes, learn personal survival techniques and how to stay safe around water. Skills Rotation Sculling Treading water Gliding Front crawl Backstroke Breaststroke Surface dives	Netball /Athletics Knowledge/Learning In this Athletics unit, children will have the opportunity to develop their existing running, jumping and throwing skills. They will be running for speed and endurance as well as revisiting the standing long jump and triple jump. To identify some of the basic rules of netball, understand the footwork rule, how to defend in netball, the correct technique to shoot and where to stand when a game begins. Skills Develop the following skills: Running Hopping Skipping Throwing Catching Collecting

	MATHS Counting to stay in time with music and a group Using distances to create accurate formations MUSIC Expressing an understanding of rhythm through movement Counting music to create movement	Symmetrical and asymmetrical balances Straight roll Forward roll Straddle roll Backward roll Cartwheel Curriculum links ENGLISH Learning of key vocabulary - interception, possession, opposition, defender, attacker, reverse. Understand and follow instructions. Understand rules and apply them to game situations. Discussing tactics and communicating these with a partner and group. MATHS Adding scores in the tournament to get a final placing. Creating goals and playing areas of set distances. Estimating distances away from a partner.	Vocabulary Curriculum links ENGLISH Learning of key vocabulary - Interception, opponent, defend, attack, tracking, possession, maintain Understand and follow instructions Understand rules and apply them to game situations Discussing and communicating tactics with a partner and group MATHS Adding scores in the tournament to get a final placing Creating goals set distances apart	Floating Huddle and H.E.L.P. position. Vocabulary Curriculum links ENGLISH Learning of key vocabulary - Interception, opponent, defend, attack, tracking, possession, maintain Understand and follow instructions Understand rules and apply them to game situations Discussing and communicating tactics with a partner and group MATHS Adding scores in the tournament to get a final placing Creating goals set distances apart	Chasing Vocabulary Athletics, discipline, throw, fling, discus, accuracy, distance, measure, technique, transfer, release, follow-through, throwing line, no- throw. Curriculum links PSHE- Being my best
Beliefs into action Sikhism) Prayer and Worship (Hinduism)	Christmas (Christianity) Knowledge/Learning Is the Christmas story true? We are learning to evaluate different accounts of the Christmas story and understand that	Beliefs and moral values (Sikhism) Hindu Beliefs (Hinduism)	Easter (Christianity)	Prayer and worship (Sikhism) Beliefs and moral Values (Hinduism)	Beliefs and Practices (Christianity)

Music (Charanga)	Knowledge and learning Skills Vocabulary Prior learning Curriculum Links	stories can be true in different ways. Knowledge and learning Skills Vocabulary Prior learning Curriculum Links	Knowledge and learning Skills Vocabulary Prior learning Curriculum Links	Knowledge and learning Skills Vocabulary Prior learning Curriculum Links	Knowledge and learning. Skills Vocabulary Prior learning Curriculum Links	Knowledge and learning Skills Vocabulary Prior learning Curriculum Links
PSHE SCARF	Me and My Relationships Skills: Empathy, self-awareness, motivation, social skills Vocabulary: teamwork, emotions, feelings, challenges, healthy relationship, assertive Prior Learning: relationships, feelings towards others Curriculum Links: English, R.E	Skills: Managing feelings, empathy, social skills, self- awareness Vocabulary: diversity, aggressive behaviour, feelings, safe, secret, unsafe, dares. Prior Learning: Knowing who to turn to in a situation Curriculum Links: English, R.E	Keeping Myself Safe Skills: Motivation, self-awareness Vocabulary: goals, targets, overcoming obstacles, consequences. Prior Learning: Understanding and achieving a goal Curriculum Links: English and R.E Resources: Stories related to lessons.	Rights and Responsibilities Skills: Self-awareness, managing feelings, empathy Vocabulary: healthy, safe, expenses, situation. Prior Learning: How to make sensible choices Curriculum Links: English	Being my Best Skills: motivation, social skills, managing feelings. Vocabulary: first aid, feelings, Adapt, belonging, accepted, rejected Prior Learning: Knowing about yourself and others, knowing about your community Curriculum Links: R.E, Art	Skills: Achievement Aspirations Building self - esteem Diversity Growth Mindset Talents Vocabulary: Anticipation, over-reaction, empathy, empathise, anxiety, anxious Prior learning: Year 4 lessons
Trips / Experiences etc.		Walk around local area	Viking workshop		Science Museum Art Exhibition	